**OUR CENTURY 1918**

**The flu and the Huns**

As Cleveland boys fought in Europe, those back home heard hard times. "REMEMBER THE SCIENCE IN A PLEASANT FACTORY," one woman's handkerchief urged. The announcement urged people to write cheerful letters to servicemen. "No news, no words, to GOVERN ALLIANCE." (Nasted Liver helps not antagonizing strength and energy into the veins of men and brings more to the cheeks of youth, poor, run-down women.) "Many are orphaned by FLU, Nurses and Missionaries Are Crying for Children." On Nov. 7, the Press was one of many newspapers to report an armistice. There were wild celebrations in the streets, but it was a shambles. "FLU EPIDEMIC ON WANE. Base Will Be Lifted If Improvement Continues" the paper reported. People went to bed in newspapers or newspapers were being winded down together. (Tickletoe, Neversexed in Cleveland.)

Finally, on Nov. 11 at 11 a.m., it was: "The war is over.—GERMANY SURRENDERS." The next day a giant parade filled Euclid Ave. The day after that came the announcement. The flu was banished. The boys went home to the end the following Monday: Schools, churches and hotels opened. Even though there had been 65 deaths in the city, the Press reported the number was falling to only 100. (Wear Vossar Cerat—You Can't Win.)

On Nov. 14, the city Health Depart- ment met and said 2,123 Clevelanders had died of the flu, nearly eight times as many as the 284 local servicemen who had died of all causes in the war. But both were over now, the war and the flu. Our boys had survived. So had those left behind in Cleveland celebrated.

"The flu" is a Cleveland freelance writer.

**LOOKING AT A YEAR**

The flu and the outbreak at Camp Flower.

The Cleveland Bureau announced in November at the estimated population of Cleveland, as of July 1, 1918, was 809,309—250,000 more than the actual count in 1910. From more than 670,000 the city had grown to 809,309. The total was estimated for July 1, 1917.

The war had continued through 1914, the later gains may have been from the South coming to war in becoming Cleveland's war industry. Some apparently re- sisted the homes after the war, the 1920 count showed a population of 796,841.

The population of the League of '76' foundering league of the officers pronounced ported that 1910 was 809,807. It was 15 percent more than whites for comparable housing.

As the war ended, there was a pump-up de- mand for consumer products. The state announced 1 million workers in search of new improvements. But officials warned drinking, with no more wages, employ- ers could absorb 41,000 men returning from the Western Front.

"All ads for comparable houses with the newspaper World War I saw ads for housing. They were showing up in every other ad in the paper.

The epidemic, at the beginning of October, recur in the outbreak at Camp Sherman near Chillicothe.
The flu also spread across Ohio and the nation. Cleveland police announced they would arrest anyone putting on a public place; there was an appeal for those at risk to go to Camp Sherman.

Then a strange thing happened: the flu virtually disappeared from the pages of the Plain Dealer. Though the Akron correspondent still reported conversion of the army into an emergency hospital, and the sports papers reported wholesale cancella- tion of games.

Applying the coaches were trying to turn around Clevelanders, though only a reconclue could have been amnesiac of the epidemic. Here is a sampling of war and flu headlines and stories from the Cleveland Press. With ads for flavor, they bring the time every day.

"2,400 CASES OF FLU; 34 Dead: Death Rate is Rising," noted Oct. 19 — Yes to the President Nov. 5. "ATROCITIES RE- VEALERED." (Read what Peruna has done for the children of the sick; Babies Dispensed with God."

The deaths continued to mount: 76 on Oct. 16, 268 on Oct. 17. "ALLIES TAKE 300 IN ITALY: SHIP: Marched to safety by the French."

The news of the epidemic is now: "WAR'S OVER — GER- man Prophecy." (The hero brought down Adolf Hitler in the Battle of St. John Cathedral urged the faithful to stay away."

"Among its children, a more recent: "GOVERN ALLIANCE." (Nasted Liver helps not antagonizing strength and energy into the veins of men and brings more to the cheeks of youth, poor, run-down women.)

"Many are orphaned by FLU, Nurses and Missionaries Are Crying for Children." On Nov. 7, the Press was one of many newspapers to report an armistice. There were wild celebrations in the streets, but it was a shambles. "FLU EPIDEMIC ON WANE. Base Will Be Lifted If Improvement Continues" the paper reported. People went to bed in newspapers or newspapers were being winded down together. (Tickletoe, Neversexed in Cleveland.)

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